SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

1.1 Product identifier

Product name: Aviation Turbine Fuel-JET A-1
Material uses: Aviation turbine fuel
Index number: 649-423-00-8
EC number: 265-184-9
CAS number: 64742-81-0

1.2 Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Identified uses</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Manufacture of substance</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

1.3 Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Manufacturer / Distributor: Kuwait Petroleum Corporation
P.O. Box 26565
13126 Safat
Kuwait
Tel. +965 1858585, Fax 2423371/2467159/246

E-mail address of person responsible for this SDS: SDSinfo@Q8.com, communication preferably in English only.

1.4 Emergency telephone number

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Region</th>
<th>Phone number</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Middle East</td>
<td>+44 (0) 1235 239 671</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Global (English only)</td>
<td>+44 (0) 1865 407 333</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

SECTION 2: Hazards identification

2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture

Product definition: UVCB

Classification according to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP/GHS]
- Flam. Liq. 3, H226
- Skin Irrit. 2, H315
- STOT SE 3, H336i
- Asp. Tox. 1, H304
- Aquatic Chronic 2, H411

Ingredients of unknown toxicity: None.

Ingredients of unknown ecotoxicity: None.

Classification according to Directive 67/548/EEC [DSD]
- R10
- Xn: R65
- Xi: R38
- N; R51/53

See Section 16 for the full text of the R phrases or H statements declared above.

See Section 11 for more detailed information on health effects and symptoms.

2.2 Label elements

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SECTION 2: Hazards identification

Hazard pictograms:

Signal word: Danger

Hazard statements:
- H226 Flammable liquid and vapor.
- H315 Causes skin irritation.
- H336i May cause drowsiness and dizziness.
- H304 May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.
- H411 Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Precautionary statements:

Prevention:
- P210 - Keep away from heat, sparks, open flames and hot surfaces. - No smoking.
- P280 - Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection.

Response:
- P301 - IF SWALLOWED: P310 - Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician.
- P331 - Do NOT induce vomiting.
- P235 - Keep cool.

Storage:
- P235 - Keep cool.

Disposal:
- P501 - Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national and international regulations.

Supplemental label elements:
- Containers to be fitted with child-resistant fastenings: Not applicable.
- Tactile warning of danger: Not applicable.

2.3 Other hazards


PBT: Specified


vPvB: Specified

Other hazards which do not result in classification: Hazardous concentrations of hydrogen sulphide (H2S) gas may accumulate in the vapour space of storage vessels. Standard procedures for opening or entering tanks, vessels or other containers must strictly be followed to avoid inhalation of this acutely toxic gas.

SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

Substance/mixture: UVCB

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Product/ingredient name</th>
<th>Identifiers</th>
<th>%</th>
<th>Classification</th>
</tr>
</thead>
</table>

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SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier, are classified and contribute to the classification of the substance and hence require reporting in this section.

Type
[*] Substance
[A] Constituent
[B] Impurity
[C] Stabilizing additive

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

SECTION 4: First aid measures

4.1 Description of first aid measures

Eye contact : Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water, occasionally lifting the upper and lower eyelids. Check for and remove any contact lenses. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Get medical attention if irritation occurs.

Inhalation : Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If exposure to hydrogen sulphide is suspected or cannot be excluded, obtain medical attention IMMEDIATELY. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Get medical attention. If necessary, call a poison center or physician. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.

Skin contact : Flush contaminated skin with plenty of water. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Get medical attention if symptoms occur. Wash clothing before reuse. Clean shoes thoroughly before reuse.

Ingestion : Get medical attention immediately. Call a poison center or physician. Wash out mouth with water. Remove dentures if any. Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If material has been swallowed and the exposed person is conscious, give small quantities of water to drink. Stop if the exposed person feels sick as vomiting may be dangerous. Aspiration hazard if swallowed. Can enter lungs and cause damage. Do not induce vomiting. If vomiting occurs, the head should be kept low so that vomit does not enter the lungs. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.

Protection of first-aiders : No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation.

4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Potential acute health effects

Eye contact : No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Inhalation : Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression. May cause drowsiness and dizziness.
Skin contact : No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Ingestion : Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression. May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways. Irritating to mouth, throat and stomach.

Over-exposure signs/symptoms

Eye contact : Adverse symptoms may include the following:
- pain or irritation
- watering
- redness

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SECTION 4: First aid measures

Inhalation: Adverse symptoms may include the following:
- nausea or vomiting
- headache
- drowsiness/fatigue
- dizziness/vertigo
- unconsciousness

Skin contact: Adverse symptoms may include the following:
- irritation
- redness

Ingestion: Adverse symptoms may include the following:
- nausea or vomiting

4.3 Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Notes to physician: Treat symptomatically. Contact poison treatment specialist immediately if large quantities have been ingested or inhaled.

Specific treatments

SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

5.1 Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing media: Use dry chemical, CO₂, water spray (fog) or foam.

Unsuitable extinguishing media: Do not use water jet.

5.2 Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Hazards from the substance or mixture: Flammable liquid and vapor. In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst, with the risk of a subsequent explosion. Runoff to sewer may create fire or explosion hazard. This material is toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects. Fire water contaminated with this material must be contained and prevented from being discharged to any waterway, sewer or drain.

Hazardous thermal decomposition products: Decomposition products may include the following materials:
- carbon dioxide
- carbon monoxide
- sulfur oxides
- Hydrogen sulphide

5.3 Advice for firefighters

Special protective actions for fire-fighters: Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Move containers from fire area if this can be done without risk. Use water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool.

Special protective equipment for fire-fighters: Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode. Clothing for fire-fighters (including helmets, protective boots and gloves) conforming to European standard EN 469 will provide a basic level of protection for chemical incidents.

SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

For non-emergency personnel: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Shut off all ignition sources. No flares, smoking or flames in hazard area. Do not breathe vapor or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.
SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

For emergency responders: If specialised clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".

6.2 Environmental precautions: Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air). Water polluting material. May be harmful to the environment if released in large quantities. Collect spillage.

6.3 Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

Small spill: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.

Large spill: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Approach release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations (see section 13). Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilled product. Note: see section 1 for emergency contact information and section 13 for waste disposal.

6.4 Reference to other sections: See Section 1 for emergency contact information. See Section 8 for information on appropriate personal protective equipment. See Section 13 for additional waste treatment information.

SECTION 7: Handling and storage

The information in this section contains generic advice and guidance. The list of Identified Uses in Section 1 should be consulted for any available use-specific information provided in the Exposure Scenario(s).

7.1 Precautions for safe handling

Protective measures: Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Hazardous concentrations of hydrogen sulphide (H2S) gas may accumulate in the vapour space of storage vessels. Standard procedures for opening or entering tanks, vessels or other containers must strictly be followed to avoid inhalation of this acutely toxic gas. Do not swallow. Avoid contact with eyes, skin and clothing. Avoid breathing vapor or mist. Avoid release to the environment. Use only with adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Do not enter storage areas and confined spaces unless adequately ventilated. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Store and use away from heat, sparks, open flame or any other ignition source. Use explosion-proof electrical (ventilating, lighting and material handling) equipment. Use only non-sparking tools. Take precautionary measures against electrostatic discharges. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container.

Advice on general occupational hygiene: Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures.

7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities: Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in a segregated and approved area. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see section 10) and food and drink. Store locked up. Eliminate all ignition sources. Separate from oxidizing materials. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabeled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination. Provide adequate ventilation.

Date of issue/Date of revision: 1/10/2012.
SECTION 7: Handling and storage

7.3 Specific end use(s)
Recommendations: Not available.
Industrial sector specific solutions: Not available.

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

The information in this section contains generic advice and guidance. The list of Identified Uses in Section 1 should be consulted for any available use-specific information provided in the Exposure Scenario(s).

8.1 Control parameters

Occupational exposure limits

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Product/ingredient name</th>
<th>Exposure limit values</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Kerosine (petroleum), hydrodesulfurized</td>
<td>ACGIH TLV (United States, 2/2010). Absorbed through skin.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>TWA: 200 mg/m³ 8 hour(s).</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Recommended monitoring procedures: If this product contains ingredients with exposure limits, personal, workplace atmosphere or biological monitoring may be required to determine the effectiveness of the ventilation or other control measures and/or the necessity to use respiratory protective equipment. Reference should be made to European Standard EN 689 for methods for the assessment of exposure by inhalation to chemical agents and national guidance documents for methods for the determination of hazardous substances.

Derived effect levels
No DELs available.

Predicted effect concentrations
No PECs available.

8.2 Exposure controls

Appropriate engineering controls: Product may release hydrogen sulphide: a specific assessment of inhalation risks from the presence of hydrogen sulphide in tank headspaces, confined spaces, product residue, tank waste and waste water and unintentional releases should be made to help determine controls appropriate to local circumstances. Use only with adequate ventilation. Use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits. The engineering controls also need to keep gas, vapor or dust concentrations below any lower explosive limits. Use explosion-proof ventilation equipment.

Individual protection measures

Hygiene measures: Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.

Eye/face protection: Safety eyewear complying with an approved standard should be used when a risk assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists, gases or dusts.

Skin protection

Hand protection: Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Wear suitable gloves tested to EN374.

Body protection: Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.

Other skin protection: Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.

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SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

Respiratory protection: Use a properly fitted, air-purifying or air-fed respirator complying with an approved standard if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Respirator selection must be based on known or anticipated exposure levels, the hazards of the product and the safe working limits of the selected respirator.

Environmental exposure controls: Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.

SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties

**Appearance**
- Physical state: Liquid.
- Appearance: Clear.
- Color: Colorless.
- Odor: Characteristic.
- Odor threshold: Not applicable.
- pH: Not applicable.
- Melting point/freezing point: <-45°C
- Initial boiling point and boiling range: >160°C
- Flash point: Closed cup: >38°C [ASTM D93.]
- Evaporation rate: Not available.
- Flammability (solid, gas): Not applicable.
- Upper/lower flammability or explosive limits: Lower: 0.7%; Upper: 5%
- Vapor pressure: <0.5 kPa [20°C]
- Vapor density: Not available.
- Relative density: 0.75 to 0.86
- Solubility(ies): Insoluble in the following materials: cold water and hot water.
- Dispersibility properties: Not dispersible in the following materials: cold water and hot water.
- Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water: 3 to 6
- Auto-ignition temperature: >220°C
- Decomposition temperature: >220°C
- Viscosity (40°C): 1 to 2.5 cSt
- Explosive properties: Not applicable.
- Oxidizing properties: Not applicable.

9.2 Other information
No additional information.

SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

10.1 Reactivity: No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.

10.2 Chemical stability: The product is stable.

10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.

10.4 Conditions to avoid: Avoid all possible sources of ignition (spark or flame). Do not pressurize, cut, weld, braze, solder, drill, grind or expose containers to heat or sources of ignition.

Date of issue/Date of revision: 1/10/2012.
### SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

#### 10.5 Incompatible materials
Reactive or incompatible with the following materials:
- Oxidizing materials

#### 10.6 Hazardous decomposition products
Decomposition products may include the following materials:
- Sulfur oxides
- Hydrogen sulphide

### SECTION 11: Toxicological information

#### 11.1 Information on toxicological effects

##### Acute toxicity

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Product/ingredient name</th>
<th>Result</th>
<th>Species</th>
<th>Dose</th>
<th>Exposure</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Kerosine (petroleum),</td>
<td>LC50 Inhalation Vapor</td>
<td>Rat</td>
<td>&gt;5200 mg/m3</td>
<td>4 hours</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>hydrodesulfurized</td>
<td>LD50 Oral</td>
<td>Rat</td>
<td>&gt;5000 mg/kg</td>
<td>-</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Conclusion/Summary:** Not available.

#### Irritation/Corrosion

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Product/ingredient name</th>
<th>Result</th>
<th>Species</th>
<th>Score</th>
<th>Exposure</th>
<th>Observation</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Kerosine (petroleum),</td>
<td>Skin - Edema</td>
<td>Rabbit</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>4 hours</td>
<td>7 days</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>hydrodesulfurized</td>
<td>Eyes - Edema of the conjunctivae</td>
<td>Rabbit</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>72 hours</td>
<td>-</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Skin - Moderate irritant</td>
<td>Rabbit</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>24 hours</td>
<td>500 milligrams</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Conclusion/Summary:**
- Skin: Non-irritant to skin.
- Eyes: Non-irritating to the eyes.

##### Sensitization

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Product/ingredient name</th>
<th>Route of exposure</th>
<th>Species</th>
<th>Result</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Kerosine (petroleum),</td>
<td>skin</td>
<td>Guinea pig</td>
<td>Not sensitizing</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>hydrodesulfurized</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Conclusion/Summary:** Not sensitizing

##### Mutagenicity

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Product/ingredient name</th>
<th>Test</th>
<th>Experiment</th>
<th>Result</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Kerosine (petroleum),</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>Experiment: In vitro Subject: Bacteria</td>
<td>Negative</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>hydrodesulfurized</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>Experiment: In vivo Subject: Mammalian-Animal</td>
<td>Negative</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Conclusion/Summary:** Not available.

##### Carcinogenicity

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Product/ingredient name</th>
<th>Result</th>
<th>Species</th>
<th>Dose</th>
<th>Exposure</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Kerosine (petroleum),</td>
<td>Negative - Dermal -</td>
<td>Mouse - Male,</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>102 weeks; 3 days per week</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>hydrodesulfurized</td>
<td>TC</td>
<td>Female</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Conclusion/Summary:** Not available.

##### Reproductive toxicity

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Product/ingredient name</th>
<th>Maternal toxicity</th>
<th>Fertility</th>
<th>Development toxin</th>
<th>Species</th>
<th>Dose</th>
<th>Exposure</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Kerosine (petroleum),</td>
<td>Negative</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>Negative</td>
<td>Rat - Male, Female</td>
<td>494 mg/kg</td>
<td>14 days; 7 days per week</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>hydrodesulfurized</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Conclusion/Summary:** Not available.

##### Teratogenicity

**Date of issue/Date of revision:** 1/10/2012.
SECTION 11: Toxicological information

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Product/ingredient name</th>
<th>Result</th>
<th>Species</th>
<th>Dose</th>
<th>Exposure</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Kerosine (petroleum), hydrodesulfurized</td>
<td>Negative - Oral</td>
<td>Rat</td>
<td>1000 mg/kg</td>
<td>10 days; 7 days per week</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Conclusion/Summary : Not available.

Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Product/ingredient name</th>
<th>Category</th>
<th>Route of exposure</th>
<th>Target organs</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Kerosine (petroleum), hydrodesulfurized</td>
<td>Category 3</td>
<td>Inhalation</td>
<td>Narcotic effects</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

Not available.

Aspiration hazard

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Product/ingredient name</th>
<th>Result</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Kerosine (petroleum), hydrodesulfurized</td>
<td>ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Information on the likely routes of exposure : Not available.

Potential acute health effects

Eye contact : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Inhalation : Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression. May cause drowsiness and dizziness.

Skin contact : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Ingestion : Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression. May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways. Irritating to mouth, throat and stomach.

Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

Eye contact : Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain or irritation, watering, redness.

Inhalation : Adverse symptoms may include the following: nausea or vomiting, headache, drowsiness/fatigue, dizziness/vertigo, unconsciousness.

Skin contact : Adverse symptoms may include the following: irritation, redness.

Ingestion : Adverse symptoms may include the following: nausea or vomiting.

Delayed and immediate effects and also chronic effects from short and long term exposure

Short term exposure

Potential immediate effects : Not available.

Potential delayed effects : Not available.

Long term exposure

Potential immediate effects : Not available.

Potential delayed effects : Not available.

Potential chronic health effects

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Product/ingredient name</th>
<th>Result</th>
<th>Species</th>
<th>Dose</th>
<th>Exposure</th>
</tr>
</thead>
</table>

Date of issue/Date of revision : 1/10/2012.
SECTION 11: Toxicological information

Kerosine (petroleum), hydrodesulfurized

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Test</th>
<th>Rat - Male, Female</th>
<th>Sub-acute NOAEL Oral</th>
<th>Sub-acute NOAEL Dermal</th>
<th>Sub-acute NOAEL Inhalation Vapor</th>
<th>750 mg/kg</th>
<th>&gt;=0.5 mg/kg</th>
<th>&gt;=24 mg/m³</th>
<th>21 weeks; 7 days per week</th>
<th>28 days; 5 days per week</th>
</tr>
</thead>
</table>

Conclusion/Summary: Not available.

General: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Carcinogenicity: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Mutagenicity: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Teratogenicity: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Developmental effects: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Fertility effects: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Other information: Not available.

SECTION 12: Ecological information

12.1 Toxicity

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Product/ingredient name</th>
<th>Result</th>
<th>Species</th>
<th>Exposure</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Kerosine (petroleum), hydrodesulfurized</td>
<td>Acute EC50 1 to 3 mg/l Fresh water</td>
<td>Algae</td>
<td>72 hours</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Acute EC50 1.4 mg/l Fresh water</td>
<td>Daphnia</td>
<td>48 hours</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Acute LC50 2 to 5 mg/l Fresh water</td>
<td>Fish</td>
<td>96 hours</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Conclusion/Summary: Not available.

12.2 Persistence and degradability

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Product/ingredient name</th>
<th>Test</th>
<th>Result</th>
<th>Dose</th>
<th>Inoculum</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Kerosine (petroleum), hydrodesulfurized</td>
<td>301F Ready Biodegradability - Manometric Respirometry Test</td>
<td>58.6 % - Inherent - 28 days</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Conclusion/Summary: Not available.

12.3 Bioaccumulative potential

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Product/ingredient name</th>
<th>LogPow</th>
<th>BCF</th>
<th>Potential</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Kerosine (petroleum), hydrodesulfurized</td>
<td>3 to 6</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>high</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

12.4 Mobility in soil

Soil/water partition coefficient (Koc): Not available.

Mobility: Not available.

12.5 Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

PBT: No.  
PBT: Specified

tvPvB: No.
SECTION 12: Ecological information

vpvB: Specified

12.6 Other adverse effects: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

The information in this section contains generic advice and guidance. The list of Identified Uses in Section 1 should be consulted for any available use-specific information provided in the Exposure Scenario(s).

13.1 Waste treatment methods

Product

Methods of disposal: The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. Significant quantities of waste product residues should not be disposed of via the foul sewer but processed in a suitable effluent treatment plant. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements.

Hazardous waste: Yes.

European waste catalogue (EWC)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Waste code</th>
<th>Waste designation</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>13 07 01*</td>
<td>fuel oil and diesel</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Packaging

Methods of disposal: The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible.

Special precautions: This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Vapor from product residues may create a highly flammable or explosive atmosphere inside the container. Do not cut, weld or grind used containers unless they have been cleaned thoroughly internally. Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

SECTION 14: Transport information

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th></th>
<th>ADR/RID</th>
<th>ADN/ADNR</th>
<th>IMDG</th>
<th>IATA</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>14.1 UN number</td>
<td>UN1863</td>
<td>UN1863</td>
<td>UN1863</td>
<td>UN1863</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>14.2 UN proper shipping name</td>
<td>FUEL, AVIATION, TURBINE ENGINE</td>
<td>FUEL, AVIATION, TURBINE ENGINE</td>
<td>FUEL, AVIATION, TURBINE ENGINE, Marine pollutant (Kerosine (petroleum), hydrodesulfurized)</td>
<td>Fuel, aviation, turbine engine</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>14.3 Transport hazard class(es)</td>
<td>3</td>
<td>3</td>
<td>3</td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>14.4 Packing group</td>
<td>III</td>
<td>III</td>
<td>III</td>
<td>III</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>14.5 Environmental hazards</td>
<td>Yes</td>
<td>Yes</td>
<td>Yes</td>
<td>Yes</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>14.6 Special precautions for user</td>
<td>Not available.</td>
<td>Not available.</td>
<td>Not available.</td>
<td>Not available.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Date of issue/Date of revision: 1/10/2012.
SECTION 14: Transport information

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Additional information</th>
<th>Hazard identification number</th>
<th>Emergency schedules (EmS)</th>
<th>Passenger and Cargo Aircraft</th>
<th>Quantity limitation: 60 L</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>30</td>
<td>F-E, S-E</td>
<td>309</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Limited quantity</td>
<td>LQ7</td>
<td></td>
<td>Cargo Aircraft Only</td>
<td>220 L</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Tunnel code</td>
<td>(D/E)</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>310</td>
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<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>Emergency schedules (EmS)</td>
<td></td>
<td>Limited Quantities -</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>F-E, S-E</td>
<td></td>
<td>Passenger Aircraft</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>Quantity limitation: 10 L</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>Packaging instructions:</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>Y309</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

14.7 Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC Code: Not available.

SECTION 15: Regulatory information

15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

EU Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH)

Annex XIV - List of substances subject to authorization

Substances of very high concern

None of the components are listed.

Annex XVII - Restrictions on the manufacture, placing on the market and use of certain dangerous substances, mixtures and articles: Not applicable.

Other EU regulations

National Inventory List

- Australia inventory (AICS): This material is listed or exempted.
- China inventory (IECSC): This material is listed or exempted.
- Japan inventory: Not determined.
- Korea inventory: This material is listed or exempted.
- New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals (NZIoC): This material is listed or exempted.
- Philippines inventory (PICCS): This material is listed or exempted.
- United States inventory (TSCA 8b): This material is listed or exempted.
- Europe inventory: This material is listed or exempted.
- Canada inventory: This material is listed or exempted.

Black List Chemicals: Not listed

Priority List Chemicals: Not listed

Integrated pollution prevention and control list (IPPC) - Air: Not listed

Integrated pollution prevention and control list (IPPC) - Water: Not listed

International regulations

- Chemical Weapons Convention List Schedule I Chemicals: Not listed
- Chemical Weapons Convention List Schedule II Chemicals: Not listed

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SECTION 15: Regulatory information

Chemical Weapons Convention List Schedule III Chemicals

15.2 Chemical Safety Assessment

Not listed

Not available.

SECTION 16: Other information

Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

Abbreviations and acronyms

ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate
CLP = Classification, Labelling and Packaging Regulation [Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008]
DNEL = Derived No Effect Level
EUH statement = CLP-specific Hazard statement
PNEC = Predicted No Effect Concentration
RRN = REACH Registration Number

Procedure used to derive the classification according to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP/GHS]

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Classification</th>
<th>Justification</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Flam. Liq. 3, H226</td>
<td>On basis of test data</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Skin Irrit. 2, H315</td>
<td>On basis of test data</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>STOT SE 3, H336i</td>
<td>Expert judgment</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Asp. Tox. 1, H304</td>
<td>On basis of test data</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Aquatic Chronic 2, H411</td>
<td>On basis of test data</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Full text of abbreviated H statements

H226 Flammable liquid and vapor.
H304 May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.
H315 Causes skin irritation.
H336i May cause drowsiness and dizziness.
H411 Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Full text of classifications [CLP/GHS]

Aquatic Chronic 2, H411 AQUATIC TOXICITY (CHRONIC) - Category 2
Asp. Tox. 1, H304 ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1
Flam. Liq. 3, H226 FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 3
Skin Irrit. 2, H315 SKIN CORROSION/IRRITATION - Category 2
STOT SE 3, H336i SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE): INHALATION [Narcotic effects] - Category 3

Full text of abbreviated R phrases

R10- Flammable.
R65- Harmful: may cause lung damage if swallowed.
R38- Irritating to skin.
R51/53- Toxic to aquatic organisms, may cause long-term adverse effects in the aquatic environment.

Full text of classifications [DSD/DPD]

Xn - Harmful
Xi - Irritant
N - Dangerous for the environment

Date of printing

1/10/2012.

Date of issue/ Date of revision

1/10/2012.

Date of previous issue

No previous validation.

Version

1

Prepared by

Kuwait Petroleum Research & Technology B.V., The Netherlands

Notice to reader

To the best of our knowledge, the information contained herein is accurate. However, neither the above-named supplier, nor any of its subsidiaries, assumes any liability whatsoever for the accuracy or completeness of the information contained herein.

Final determination of suitability of any material is the sole responsibility of the user. All materials may present unknown hazards and should be used with caution. Although certain hazards are described herein, we cannot guarantee that these are the only hazards that exist.